

Algiers Firing Squad Executes Pucheu, Vichyite

Jewish Daily Forward
And Coughlinites Agree
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Daily Worker

NATIONAL UNITY FOR VICTORY OVER NAZISM—FASCISM

★ ★ 2 Star Edition

Vol. XXI, No. 69

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1944

Published at 100 West 42nd St., New York 18, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1907

(6 Pages) Price 5 Cents

Charge Hoax In Alfange-Rose 'Support' of FDR

Stating that "the belated and forced Rose-Alfange support of a fourth term for President Roosevelt, and for the reelection of Vice-President Wallace and Senator Wagner, is a public hoax," Harry J. Chapman, chairman of the Committee for a United Labor Party, and Hyman Blumberg, campaign director, yesterday announced a primary campaign rally for Thursday, March 23, at Manhattan Center, Eighth Ave. and 34th St.

Speaks Thursday



SIDNEY HILLMAN

ILG Aides Forged ALP Petitions

By Max Gordon

New York County Committee headquarters of the American Labor Party, announced last night that an appeal would be taken from Supreme Court Justice Morris Eder's decision not to declare invalid State Committee nominating petitions of the Rose-Dubinsky group containing admittedly forged signatures.

The petitions containing the forgeries were filed in the third and fifth assembly districts in Manhattan. The judge did not deny in his decision that forgeries existed but based himself on the fact that there were sufficient signatures besides those forged.

New York County leaders claimed that the signatures allegedly valid were collected by people who had confessed forgeries and hence should be discounted.

URGENT ACTION

At the Supreme Court hearing Saturday, Corporation Counsel Russell Tarbox, after listening to the evidence and the confessions of forgeries by Copal Mintz, attorney for the Dubinsky-Rose group, told Judge Eder:

"Whether the court decides that there are sufficient valid signatures or not, I suggest that when your Honor reaches his decision you take into consideration the advisability of sending the papers to the District Attorney for prosecution against those criminals."

Among those referred to by Tarbox are Murray Udelevits of Cutlers Local 10 of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, who "collected" 42 out of the total of 77 signatures on 5th district petitions, 29 of which were declared forgeries by the court; Fannie Shapiro of Local 22 of the ILGWU, who forged 10 names in the 3rd district; Gladys and Herman Zukowsky of Alex Rose's Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' Local 24, who forged 10 names; and George and Pearl Halpern of the ILGWU. Halpern is assistant manager of Local 96, and all ILGWU people involved were recently elected as delegates to the international convention of the union.

By Adam Lapin

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, March 19.—A serious crisis in the steel wage situation appeared to have been averted tonight as the War Labor Board neared a solution which was reported to be satisfactory to both the CIO and AFL.

No final decision was reached at today's WLB meeting on the crucial issue of whether the United Steel Workers would be permitted to present their case for a 17-cent an hour wage increase above the Little Steel Formula as it is now interpreted.

But it was understood that public members of WLB made the following proposal:

First, that the CIO Steel Union be given an opportunity to argue its demand before the steel panel for a more flexible application of the wage stabilization program in the steel case.

Second, that a special panel be set up to permit the AFL to present its case on behalf of a general revision of the Little Steel Formula.

SEE ACCEPTANCE

It was considered likely that this proposal will be accepted tomorrow by WLB with the CIO, AFL and public members of the board voting for it and with the four industry members dissenting.

AFL spokesmen on the board had previously objected to granting the steel workers a chance to present its case because their own petition for revising the Little Steel Formula had been denied by WLB and because they did not want the CIO to get credit for setting a new wage policy.

The new proposal is expected to heal at least for the time being the serious breach which appeared to be developing in the labor movement on the wage issue as a result of the AFL's partisan and dangerous attitude.

It was believed significant that the problem began to be worked out after Dr. George W. Taylor, public member of the WLB who had been acting chairman for the past week, left on his vacation.

Chairman William H. Davis of WLB returned to Washington today from an extended vacation and immediately plunged into the meeting on the steel case.

Actual presentation of the steel case to the WLB panel is expected to start on Wednesday.

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SOVIETS TAKE 2 BIG BASES

WLB Solution Of Steel Pay Issue Is Seen

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Welcome!, Sweet Springtime



"Who said that," says the lady on the right as she sinks into the four-inch slush on the corner of 14th St. and Broadway during yesterday's unrelenting blizzard which slowed traffic and brought General Slush to Manhattan streets. What's the matter with the weatherman, anyway, can't he read calendars? Dressed up in her little greenish suit, the little lady on the left is having a tough time making the crossing, but mama will help when it gets too bad. —Daily Worker Photo

Patriotic Rumanians Form Anti-Nazi Front

(Daily Worker Foreign Department)

A "Patriotic Front" of anti-fascist Rumanians is forming, the Soviet news agency Tass reported yesterday, and the government of Marshal Ion Antonescu has sentenced five of its leaders to death and 25 to life imprisonment.

Among them, according to United Press, is a former Rumanian communications minister, Petru Gроза.

As the Red Army marches through northern Bessarabia to the Pruth River, the Rumanian frontier, the developing "Patriotic Front" is proposing an immediate six-point program, the United Press quotes Tass as saying.

The program includes:

1. Rumania's immediate exit from the war and solidarity with the United Nations.
2. Expulsion of the German armies and agents from Rumania.
3. Overthrow of the Antonescu government.
4. Formation of a new national government.
5. Restoration of all democratic rights and liberties.
6. Release of all imprisoned patriots, and punishment of the Hitlerite war criminals.

At the same time, Turkish and Swiss reports declare that the German armies have taken over full control of Hungary, after a conference among Hungary's chief generals, Dictator Nicholas Horthy, and Adolf Hitler.

Hungarian news agencies were reported broadcasting only German communiques. Telephone communications between Budapest and Switzerland were cut off yesterday.

UP quoted a broadcast of a German Foreign Office press conference, in which Von Ribbentrop was asked whether Germany was "likely to intensify her war effort in southeast Europe in view of the military situation."

The Nazi foreign minister reportedly replied that such a development was "a matter of course."

2nd Trial Opens
For Loneragan

The trial of Wayne Loneragan, charged with murder, got going yesterday in General Sessions. Judge James Garrett Wallace was on the bench.

This is the second time Loneragan is on trial for his life. Last month, after a series of lawyers' quarrels, and the dismissal of two panels of jurors, the trial was postponed.

Heard here on March 15, Milano Liberta's broadcast declares that Italy and Russia never had cause of a historical, economic or political character for mutual hostility.

"Ever since Mazzini pointed out that freedom and independence for the Slav peoples was a precondition for the triumph of our national cause and the preservation of the achievements of the second Renaissance, the Italian progressive forces have learned to distinguish an accidental policy of government from historical necessity."

"Only a bandit such as Mussolini dared to break with the traditions of Risorgimento and violate the interests of the country. The breach of relations with Russia was the most disgraceful act of the foreign policy of fascism."

"By its adventure in Russia, fascism branded the Italian people with a shame which cannot be washed away."

"Italo-Russian friendship is being revived at a time when the struggle is gaining impetus on our territory for ousting the Germans. The renewal of this friendship is a fight-

1,500 Planes Again Plaster Frankfurt

LONDON, March 20 (UP).—Britain-based U. S. Flying Fortresses and Liberators, spearheading attacks by more than 1,500 Allied war planes on Germany and northern France, blasted Nazi war industries of Frankfurt-on-Main today despite thick fog and heavy clouds.

French Execute Pucheu, Vichyite

ALGIERES, March 20 (UP).—Pierre Pucheu, former Vichy Interior Minister convicted of treason, died at dawn today before a 12-man French execution squad which fired at his own command.

Pucheu was the first of the Axis puppets to formally pay the extreme penalty and the first high, influential French official to be executed for aiding the enemy.

The 44-year-old Pucheu, who came to the Vichy Cabinet by way of the Paris riots of Feb. 6, 1934, and who was labelled chief of France's "Red Hunters," went to his death a few hours after Gen. Charles De Gaulle, President of the French Committee of National Liberation, refused his plea for mercy.

Pucheu was taken from his cell at about 9 A. M. He was driven to the Husseney firing range, where he was placed in the middle of the range. An army chaplain said a brief mass.

A committee spokesman said the execution would have "a most favorable effect in encouraging the resistance movement in France by showing that we have the strength and independence to deal with such highly-placed traitors."

While the heavy bombers pounded targets in Germany, hundreds of U. S. Ninth Air Force Marauder medium bombers struck northern France, blasting Nazi defenses in the Pas de Calais area and the rail hub of Creil, 25 miles north of Paris.

The big, four-engine B-17s and B-24s encountered greatly strengthened German ground defenses, but Field Marshal Hermann Goering's waiting Luftwaffe sent few fighters.

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Seize Mogilev- Podolski and Vinnitsa Hubs

LONDON, March 20 (UP).—The Red Army, moving triumphantly through broken German defenses, has captured the Dniester River town of Mogilev-Podolski and driven the Nazis from the large industrial city of Vinnitsa, 61 miles to the northeast. Premier Marshal Stalin announced tonight in two Orders of the Day.

Moscow dispatches said that Field Marshal Fritz Erich von Mannstein had lost all hope of saving a substantial portion of his battered armies of the Day.

The Germans have been thrown back as much as 400 miles during the powerful Soviet summer and winter offensives and today, the first day of spring, they find themselves backed up against the borders of Rumania, deep into western Ukraine, Soviet Latvia, and Lithuania, and battling the Red Army inside northern Soviet Estonia.

Since July 12, when the Soviet drive started, the Germans have retreated 850 miles to Lutsk in western Ukraine; 500 miles to Vinnitsa, and 500 miles to Mogilev-Podolski.

The daily broadcast Moscow war bulletin announced that the Soviets captured more than 110 towns in today's fighting on the long Ukrainian Front. Moscow said that the Red Army, which smashed over the Dniester River on a 31-mile front Sunday, had widened their bridgehead on the west bank of the twisting stream.

NEARING LWOW

On the western side of the front, the Soviets advanced to take the town of Radzyvill, 93 miles northeast of the important rail junction of Lvov. Striking out from newly-won Vinnitsa, the Red Army liberated 30 towns in a drive southward toward the Upper Dniester.

On the eastern side of the front, where they were moving toward occupying all of the east bank of the lower Bug River, the Soviets took more than 30 towns.

Stalin's First Order today announced that troops of Marshal Ivan S. Konev's Second Ukrainian Army, who were moving rapidly toward the Carpathian Mountains in Bessarabia, toppled Mogilev-Podolski, a town of 22,000 on Sunday.

Capture of the town cut the railroad running 43 miles southward from Zhmerinka and placed the Red Army 14 miles east of Okmita, a junction on one of the two German-held railroads across the Dniester River.

Southward, others of Marshal Konev's troops were moving toward Belya, another important junction 48 miles southeast of Mogilev-Podolski.

3 KEY CITIES TAKEN

Stalin, who has issued six Orders of the Day in four days, ordered Moscow's 124 guns to fire a 12 salvo salute in honor of the Mogilev-Podolski triumph and ordered the maximum of 20 salves from 224 guns for the victory at Vinnitsa by Marshal Gregory K. Zhukov's First Army.

Vinnitsa, a city of 93,000, was defended stubbornly by the Germans

(Continued on Page 2)

Boston Censors Stop Sale of 'Strange Fruit'

BOSTON, March 20 (UP).—The new novel "Strange Fruit," which Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt termed "a very moving book, an extraordinary one," has been banned in Boston because of alleged obscene language. It was learned today.

The book, by Lillian Smith, which one critic described as "a passionate novel about two decent people in love," was removed from local book stores quietly on Friday by order of the Board of Retail Book Merchants.

It was reported that Frank Raynor, an editor of Reynal and Hitch-

cock Co., New York publishers of the novel, and a company attorney were in Boston today discussing publication of a revised edition of the book that might suit the local trade.

The ban was imposed shortly after Police Commissioner Thomas F. Sullivan scanned a copy. However, Sullivan denied having any connection with the ban and said he had merely indicated a few so-called "objectionable" passages to a salesman.

"Strange Fruit" is the romance between a white and a Negro in a small Southern town.

Arrangements were made to take the bodies to the Elks Building, as they were recovered, to await identification by friends and relatives.

The driver of the bus, who is among the missing, was identified as Irvin Urbach, Clifton, N. J., by Police Chief Charles J. Monks. Urbach was a substitute driver making the run for the first time, Monks said.

Officials of the Comfort Bus Co., which operated the vehicle, did not comment on the accident beyond saying that the bus might have carried as many as 50 passengers.

Lesson of Cassino Should Be Learned

By a Veteran Commander

As we pointed out last Saturday, Cassino has proved to be a tough lesson for those who thought that the unprecedented aerial blast against the little town had solved the problem. It did not and latest news has it that the Germans have stiffened considerably and even have re-won certain positions. The same lesson applies to the Abbey on Monte Cassino which was blasted by us, but which is still in German hands. The piles of rubble which were the Abbey and the town still stand athwart the road to Rome. The bombardment has not wiped out the defenders.

The expected German attack against the Anzio beachhead, as well as the rumored Allied offensive have not materialized, and the action remains within the confines of patrolling and artillery duels, punctuated by some aerial bombing. Our complete aerial supremacy does not seem to be able to break the long stalemate.

Allied Air Forces have attacked Graz and Klagenfurt in Austria (Messerschmitt plant) as well as Plovdiv in Bulgaria (rail yards).

THE situation in Burma has taken on an unexpected turn for the worse: the Japanese have started an offensive across the Chindwin in the direction of Imphal, in Manipur (India). This thrust in comparative force (as "force" goes in that theatre of the war) is being executed between the American-Chinese thrust in the Hukawng Valley and the British-Indian thrust in Arakan. Should this thrust carry through to the Calcutta-Ledo railroad (100 miles to the northwest) the supply line of both Allied groups would be cut. It seems that Lord Mountbatten has not been able to gather sufficient forces for a decisive stroke. The campaign continues on a piecemeal basis. General Stilwell's extraordinary achievement (with small forces) is now in danger of being nullified if the enemy succeeds in penetrating India to a depth of 60-75 miles.

U. S. cavalry (dismounted) have captured the airdrome at Loneran (Manus Island, Admiralty group). Thus all important objectives in the Admiralty Islands have been attained.

Surabaya (Java) and a number of island bases in the Kuriles (southwest of Paramushiro) have been bombed by our planes (the latter for the first time during this war).

MARSHAL KONEV's whirlwind march on Rumania continues. Having crossed the Bug only a few days ago, he reached the Dniester and without pausing as much as 24 hours, crossed it too and has now started the march to the Pruth, and Rumania. Von Manstein's extreme southern army group is hemmed in east of the lower Dniester in an area of about 11,000 square miles and bordered by the German-held strongpoints and junctions of Rynitz (on the Dniester), Slobodka, Pervomaisk, Voznesensk, Nikolaev, Odessa, Razdelnaya and Tiraspol.

This area is a potential trap because it has but one exit at present—via Razdelnaya to Kishinev (the Red Army is too close for comfort to the other line via Slobodka).

Marshal Zhukov, having stormed and captured Zherminka (which is imminent) will be followed by the fall of Proskurov. Zhukov's northern flank is moving on Lvov and has captured the medieval fortress-town of Kremenets (which means "chunk-of-flint"). It is approaching the old frontier town of Brody (the frontier between Austria and Russia in 1914).

Thus only a week ago three large rivers separated the Red Army from the Balkan region. Two of these have been crossed and only the Pruth is left. Truly an amazing achievement in view of the condition of the terrain.

(Note to some squeamish readers: I have received a number of letters protesting against my use of the expression "Red Army THREATENS such and such a place" and "the FALL of, say, Zherminka" is imminent. I would like to remind these readers that this is a military column which, naturally enough, uses military language. When I say that the Red Army "threatens" a certain point I mean that it threatens the Germans' possession of this point, NOT the native inhabitants of it. The same applies to the use of the word "fall": when I use it I mean that the place is about to fall as a German stronghold. Wouldn't it be too funny if I wrote: "Marshal Konev is advancing and his vanguards put the force of liberation into the hearts of the peaceful inhabitants of Vinitsa," or "the return of Proskurov to the Soviet people is imminent"? All this may sound good in a leaflet, but simply does not belong to the terse and rough language of a military report.)

Charge Alfange-Rose Hoax on 4th Term

(Continued from Page 1)

ner as valuable members of the Roosevelt team who must be retained in office. That has been our feeling right from the start."

Discussing fraudulent Rose-Alfange primary petitions invalidated in a district by the State Supreme Court, Messrs. Chapman and Blumberg said:

"Rose-Alfange designating petitions have been invalidated by the Supreme Court in Cattaraugus, five assembly districts in Monroe County, two assembly districts in Onondaga County and one assembly district in New York County. In Seneca and Cortland Counties, Rose-Alfange slates have declined in a body in order to throw their support behind the candidates of the Committee for a United Labor Party."

ALFANGE FRAUD
"In Monroe County the Alfange group fraudulently inserted the names of United States Labor Committee leaders in an attempt to obtain enough signatures to put Alfange candidates on the ballot. This attempt was frustrated when the scheme was disclosed to Mr. Justice Wheeler in Rochester."

"In Onondaga County (Syracuse) Conrad Kitz, alias Kitz, an ex-convict who admitted having been several times convicted of miscellaneous crimes including possession of policy slips, assault and bootlegging, was the Rose-Alfange representative who circulated most of the Onondaga petitions. In the first and second Onondaga assembly districts, the United Labor Committee proved by the testimony of Louis Waters, famous handwriting expert from Syracuse, that Alfange's man, Kitz or Kitz, swore falsely when he filed petitions stating he obtained the signatures of ALP voters. Mr. Justice Clegg found that after deducting the forged signatures that the Alfange group did not have sufficient valid signatures to remain on the ballot."

"At this time, ex-convict Kitz still remains a candidate of the Alfange-Rose group in the third Onondaga district since enough forgeries could not be proved in this district."

"In New York County, Alfange-

Rose petitions have been invalidated in the sixteenth assembly district. During the trial before Supreme Court Justice Morris Eder on the third and fifth assembly districts Rose petitions, Assistant Corporation Counsel Russell Tarbox suggested that Judge Eder refer the minutes of the Court procedure to District Attorney Hogan for possible criminal action of Rose agents guilty of fraud.

"In Seneca County the Rose-Alfange representative forged the X of a woman who could not write and then swore that he obtained the signatures of the other voters on Alfange petitions although he had not even seen the voters. The Seneca voters have turned their dispositions over to Henry Koch, District Attorney at Seneca Falls for action."

Tell How French Tricked Nazis

(By United Press)

The British radio, heard by CBS on Monday, told how French patriots last Armistice Day so completely tricked the Germans that the inhabitants of Oyonnax, in northeastern France, were able to march openly through the streets singing the "Marseillaise" and place a wreath on the war memorial.

Early in November, patriots started placing posters throughout the area, saying a demonstration would be held Armistice Day in a town 12 miles from Oyonnax, the broadcast said.

Germans and Vichy police were waiting in the neighboring town, when 200 armed patriots drove into Oyonnax, took over the police station, post office and all roads leading from the town, and proceeded with their celebration.

When the ceremony was over, the patriots set the police free, climbed into their lorries and returned to their hideaways.

Three weeks later the mayor of Oyonnax and his two assistants were shot by the Germans, BBC said.

Dead Nazis In 'Dead Space'

(By United Press)

A German military commentator said Monday that the Germans have won a "preliminary decision" in the Soviet Union because the Red Armies have advanced so rapidly they are exhausted and now stand "in dead space."

"This decision," said Martin Hensslein in a broadcast on the Berlin Radio, "consists in the fact that the Russians, having been deceived by false hopes that they will be able to annihilate the Germans, have advanced more and more, exhausting themselves more and more until they stand now in dead space and must recognize that they have been unable to annihilate or even encircle the Germans."

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Allies Push Ahead In West Cassino

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS, Naples, March 20 (UP).—Charging through a hell of shell-fire, shattered stones and German bodies, New Zealanders today stormed and captured the Continental Hotel on the western edge of Cassino, but fierce fighting raged on in the city's southern outskirts.

The Germans still were making a desperate bid to hold on at Cassino. They had strongly reinforced their remaining positions and in the course of six rapid-fire counterattacks Sunday had hammered their way back into a few houses in the southern part of the city.

In their final attack on the Continental Hotel, Allied gunners knocked out the last of two tanks firing from the lobby, then the New Zealanders in a powerful infantry charge overran the German bunkers in the ruins which yielded 100 prisoners.

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U.S. Reporter Unmasks Pole Exile Gov't

Many Americans in Iran told the American correspondent, James Aldridge, that he could never get the real story about the Polish government-in-exile through the censorship.

But Aldridge decided that the story must be told. And it was not until he got to Moscow that he could tell it.

Did you see it in last Sunday's Times? It is the story of how the Polish government-in-exile has been abusing the hospitality of the People of Iran, persecuting Polish Jews, disgusting both British and American officials in charge of relief work in Iran.

"Authorities of Allied governments know a lot more than I do," says Aldridge, and the "facts I mention here are only a few . . ."

For example: when the Polish government-in-exile withdrew its 130,000 people from the Soviet Union late in '42, they were housed in camps prepared by British authorities in Iran.

"The Polish camp was divided into classes . . . conditions got progressively worse as one's station was lower. The Jews were scattered into a ghetto. The camp was run on totalitarian lines, and you did what you were told . . ."

"When more than 300 Jewish children had been fixed up to go to Palestine, the Polish elite, who were very anti-Semitic, put pressure on the Iraqi authorities not to allow the Jewish children to pass through Iraq to get to their destination . . ."

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Coughlinites, Jewish Forward Agree

See Eye to Eye On Anti-Semitism

Coughlinite anti-Semites here see eye-to-eye with the red-baiting Jewish Daily Forward, mouthpiece of Social Democrats—so much so, that the March 11 issue of the Tablet has reprinted in full one of its articles.

The Tablet, edited by Edward Lodge Curran, Coughlin's spokesman in the east, has been carrying on for Social Justice since that Axis-line organ was deprived of mailing rights. Curran has been a frequent contributor to Social Justice.

The prominently headlined article from the Forward of Feb. 22 was written by L. Vogelmann, who is also treasurer of the Jewish Workmen's Circle. Its contents show plainly why the Coughlinites have seized upon it.

The Daily Worker reproduces today a group of photostatic copies of Tablet items, including the Vogelmann article, as they appeared in Friday's issue of the Morning Freiheit, Jewish language progressive daily.

The Vogelmann article is a classic example to show how Jews who red-bait inevitably arrive at a common ground with anti-Semites. It also reveals alarmingly how similar are the views of the Coughlinite Tablet and the Social Democrat Forward.

The Vogelmann article is pleasing to the Tablet on a whole series of counts.

USES DIES TECHNIQUE

(1) Vogelmann bases his article on the thesis that "Communists" have "seized" upon the campaign against anti-Semitism. This lends itself perfectly to the familiar Dies method of deducing that all who are active against anti-Semitism must be "Communists"—much like the reasoning of anti-Semites that Communists are usually Jews and vice versa. This is precisely the line that the Tablet has been feeding its readers, charging that all the publicity about anti-Semitic activities is the work of Communists.

(2) The Coughlinites like Mr. Vogelmann because, utilizing some of Fred Woltman's slander in the World-Telegram, he asserts that "Communists" are also active against Catholics and the Pope. What could be sweeter than having this falsehood underwritten in a Jewish paper?

(3) Mr. Vogelmann attacks Kenneth Leslie, liberal editor of the Protestant, and his associate, Pierre von Paasen. Why? Because a year ago Leslie refused to join the pack of anti-Soviet wolves that David Dubinsky and the Forward had been rounding up to protest the Soviet executions of the Polish government-in-exile, Alter and Ehrlich. It will be recalled that Curran and associates were heartbroken then over the fate of these two Jews who did nothing more than lend their services to the Nazis.

(4) Vogelmann attacks those, like Raymond Gram Swing and Johannes Steel, who are alarmed over the spread of anti-Semitism.

BACK COUGHLINITE LIES

All this adds up to a "substantiation" in a Jewish newspaper of Coughlinite lies in the Tablet—that news of desecration of synagogues, attacks on Jewish children were just "Communist" propaganda, that it comes from people who were "anti-Catholic"—just "reds" who oppose "Catholic" Poland; and that certain "good Jews" and

Jewish 'Daily Forward' Line Good for Coughlinite

THE TABLET, MARCH 11

RED PLOT IS SEEN BY JEWISH DAILY

Finds Anti-Semitism Is Fostered by Professionals

By L. VOGELMAN

(Translation of an article in the Jewish daily "Forward" of Feb. 22, 1944)

In recent times there has been popularized the campaign against anti-Semitism. We must make

which he him a church public continually for: Catholic Churches in the Un Roman Pope. same Leslie: American Jew cause it work National Conf and Jews which Semitism. T Christians and President Roo kie, Governor Smith and oth This does not he wants "to st lics." Coincid Leslie has long helping the Com many America organizations,

Some samples of Coughlinite appreciation of what the Social Democratic Jewish Daily Forward is doing to help them fight the campaign against anti-Semitism. Reproduction, upper left, shows how their eastern organ, the Tablet, featured a translation of the article of L. Vogelmann in the Forward of Feb. 22; upper right, shows an article of Tablet editor Edward Lodge Curran in the Social Justice of Oct. 2, 1939, when he already then embraced Abo Cahan, editor of the Forward. Lower, shows the Tablet's displeasure with the March of Time film against anti-Semitism and its attacks upon Rabbi Stephen Wise for demanding removal of Christian Front-linked policeman James L. Drew.

THE TABLET, FEBRUARY 19
NEW PROCEDURE ASKED FOR THOSE WHO ARE ACCUSED

Rabbi Wise Would Set Aside Trial and Judges' Ruling in Drew Case

DEBATES WITH MAYOR

Official Maintains City Must Act According to the Law; Rabbi Disapproves

Several weeks ago THE TABLET printed a news account of the case

Coughlin-like Catholics could get together. The Forward certainly did nothing to discourage that conception. In fact, it apparently gave permission to reprint the Vogelmann article, and certainly made no public objection.

CURRAN DEFENDS CAHAN

Curran and Father Coughlin had warmed up to the Forward as far back as Oct. 2, 1939, when Curran in Social Justice (see photostat) defended Abo Cahan, editor of the Forward, against an article by Israel Anter, New York Chairman of the Communist Party, who exposed his (Cahan's) Soviet-baiting.

The Forward, too, in an article by its editorial writer, L. Rogoff, on Jan. 20, claimed that too much was made of the case of the Police- man James L. Drew, whose Christian Front connections were exposed. He defended him against removal.

Similarly, the Forward found much to object to in the conference

THE TABLET, MARCH 11
BISHOP M'INTYRE SAYS VANDALISM IS FOR PUBLICITY

Attacks March of Time Film As Attempt to Stir Up Anti-Religious Hate

CITES INCONSISTENCY

Address to Court Attacks Contains Strong Rebuke To Un-Americanism

"Paid publicity agents," by exaggerating the importance of insignificant incidents have "conjured up out of their imagination the phantom of anti-Semitic hate for

against anti-Semitism called by the American Jewish Congress and is frequently critical of Rabbi Stephen Wise, outstanding leader of the Jewish people of America.

The very same March 11 issue of the Tablet carried a story featuring Bishop MacIntyre's attack upon the March of Time film that so effectively exposed anti-Semitic activities. The Feb. 19 issue of the Tablet carries an attack upon Rabbi Wise for his demand that Drew be removed. An editorial praised the Bishop and attacks against anti-Semitism activities.

Still another Coughlinite echo in the ranks of the Jewish people is the persistence of David Dubinsky to bring the anti-Semitic John L. Lewis into AFL ranks.

Thus, the Vogelmann article was in effect, a roundup of a "meeting of minds" that has been developing for quite some time. Red-baiting was the common ground and foundation of this development.

HERE AND THERE

By Dr. Edward Lodge Curran

THE AFTERMATH of the non-aggression agreement between Communist Russia and Nazi Germany has been funny. Nothing has happened in the country in general, but in the Jewish community in particular, a veritable hurricane has been blowing.

First, the Communist old guard and its acolytes are now busy and in perilous straits. They have taken away their toys, because Uncle Adolf has asked them to be good and to stand by their word.

Second, the Jewish community in general, including Communist Russia and Catholicism alike, the apostles of Uncle Adolf, must "hold" Hitler and Stalin together. The remaining dupes of Communist Russia can no longer call themselves "Jewish com-

the story anti-progressive paper of Abo Cahan, the Jewish press, especially in New York, sounds like a pack of wolves against the Soviet Union.

Note the old tactics of the smear campaign. The same methods are to be employed by the Communist-Russia as were employed when they were only Communists. The Jewish Daily Forward condemned the Communist-Nazi pact and its aftermath.

More to the point, the vilification leveled in by Communist-Nazi America the following delightful bit of Communist-Nazi reasoning offered in defense of the Pagan Pact.

"Peace between these two nations," writes Communist-Nazi America, "means to strengthen the Soviet Union and therefore the millions of Jews who live in the Soviet Union."

Why did not Communist-Nazi America tell the other side of the picture? If the Communist-Nazi pact strengthened the Soviet Union, it also strengthened Nazi Germany! Current history is proof of that. The Communist-Nazi pact gave strength to Hitler to plunge directly into war against Poland.

Without the strength of the Communist-Nazi pact he would not have dared do so.

Furthermore, the Communist-Nazi pact strengthened the hand of Hitler against the Jews and the Christians whom he has long persecuted.

To strengthen Nazi Germany was to strengthen the power of a persecutor of the Jews. No wonder the Jewish

Dubinsky Aide Backs 'Spare-Hitler' Move

Broadus Mitchell, one of David Dubinsky's leading aides in the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, has been actively promoting anti-war campaigns in government circles, reports from Washington indicate.

Mitchell is research director for the ILGWU, of which Dubinsky is president.

During the weekend, he made several unsuccessful attempts to slip anti-war resolutions into the working platform of the Children's Bureau Commission on Children in Wartime at a conference of the Commission.

First, he moved that the Commission go on record urging the United States and other nations "to stop bombing children and to recommend speedy feeding of children in enemy-held territory."

The first part of the motion coincides with a campaign by certain pacifists and by fifth columnists to put an end to the highly strategic bombing of Nazi industry and transport on the European continent. The Nazis would love that.

The second part of the motion asks support for the Hooverite campaign to get food into Nazi-occupied Europe despite the fact that the military authorities insist that the blockade of the continent is highly important.

Mitchell's motion was defeated for lack of a second.

He then seconded another motion to endorse the work of agencies that are agitating to get food through the blockade. This motion was defeated after speakers had attacked it as injuring the war effort.

A second motion made by Mitchell would have put the conference on record in opposition to post-war military conscription, which is favored by the major democratic groups. He was ruled out of order.

Report Elections Planned in Bolivia

LA PAZ, Bolivia, March 20 (UP).—The Bolivian government junta after a three-hour meeting today issued a decree calling national elections and guaranteeing freedom of the press.

[The information at hand is insufficient to make clear the meaning of this step by the Bolivian fascist junta.]

The date of the elections—the first to be held since the Dec. 20 ouster of President Enrique Penabaz—was not announced.

The decree also provides for a general amnesty to be granted to all persons detained for political reasons.

Service between the United States and the provinces Bari, Brindisi, Catanzaro, Cosenza, Lecce, Matera, Potenza, Reggio Calabria, Salerno and Taranto, and the islands of Sardinia and Sicily was resumed Feb. 16 and the same restrictions announced at that time apply to service between the three additional provinces, with only personnel communications permitted.

Novick to Speak

Paul Novick, editor of the Morning Freiheit will speak at the Harry Meloff Center, 888 E. 180th St. on Tuesday evening, March 21, at 8 P.M. He will speak in Yiddish.

This meeting is sponsored by the Cotrona Victory Club, 645 E. Tremont Ave. Admission is free and all are welcome. There will be refreshments and a concert.

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1944 WAR APPEAL

Keep your Red Cross at his side!

Hit Conditions on Ship Italian Crew Gave U.S.

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The American Labor Party congressman claimed that the crew has been denied even war risk insurance, which all other allied seamen receive, even though the members have been condemned to death as traitors by the puppet Nazi government of Mussolini.

The ship sailed out of the Nazi-held port of Trieste last September and was taken to an allied port by its crew. Most of the sailors have families in Nazi-held areas of Italy. Wages paid under the old contracts, and continued under the war shipping administration, range from \$9 a month for the seamen to \$50 top for officers.

The Congressmen has notified the National Maritime Union of the situation, he said, and both he and the Union are pressing the WSA to grant the men war risk insurance and a decent pay scale, as well as other improved conditions.

10c Fare? NO!

AN EDITORIAL

IF NEW YORK balloted on the 10-cent fare, that high-handed proposal would be killed 3 to 1. So said Mayor La Guardia over the radio two weeks ago.

Although the mayor was dead right, those working for the fare steal haven't given up in the interim. They continue to connive for the fare rise. They are meeting behind closed doors and furtively influencing a certain portion of the press.

The poll on this matter which the Daily Worker has just carried on is valuable in stressing once more how the people view this pocket-picking proposal. We do not claim that this poll has been 100 per cent accurate. There may have been a slip-up here and there.

The poll was, however, conducted on a scientific basis. Its 1,000 ballots were collected in different parts of the city and from members of the various strata of the population. We feel that it is, then, fully representative of the people's view on the 10-cent fare.

That popular verdict is overwhelmingly AGAINST any higher transportation rate in the Greater City.

Because such is the case, we cannot blithely assume that the five-cent fare is assured. It would be a bad mistake to do anything of the sort. Those who are striving to get their greedy paws into the people's pockets are still awake and at work. Knowing the popular opposition, they will strive to hit upon new ways to put through the fare rise in defiance of the people.

It would be well for New York's citizens to be on the look-out, to make certain that the 10-cent fare is defeated and permanently discarded. Particularly will they have to be watchful against any surprise, under which the hired advocates of higher fares would resort to indirect and extra-legal means of doubling the rate.

CIO Poll Parley In Newark Tonight

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEWARK, March 20.—CIO unions of Essex and West Hudson Counties will hold their first political action convention tomorrow night (Tuesday) at the New Jersey Labor School, 980 Broad Street here.

James Imbrie, retired banker and manufacturer, and Carl Holzman, president of the Jersey State CIO Political Action Committee, will be main speakers. Katherine Hoffman, secretary of the Newark CIO, will preside.

Officers will be elected and plans will be made for activating and educating labor on issues in coming presidential elections. The Newark CIO supports reelection of President Roosevelt and continuation of his policies.

Executive board members and members of all CIO political action committees have been invited.

Idaho Miners Back Seamen Bill

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KELOGO, Idaho, March 20.—CIO Iron ore miners in this landlocked state are the most dried-in the wool landlubbers you can find but they're deeply interested in the conditions of the men who sail the seas.

An appeal to Idaho Congressmen for favorable action on a bill which would grant the right of naturalization to foreign seamen went out yesterday from Local 18, International Union of Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers.

Civilian Mail Now Allowed to Naples

WASHINGTON, March 20 (UP).—The Post Office Department tonight announced that civilian mail service for personal letters and postcards is being resumed immediately between the United States and the Italian provinces of Naples, Avellino, and Benevento.

Service between the United States and the provinces Bari, Brindisi, Catanzaro, Cosenza, Lecce, Matera, Potenza, Reggio Calabria, Salerno and Taranto, and the islands of Sardinia and Sicily was resumed Feb. 16 and the same restrictions announced at that time apply to service between the three additional provinces, with only personnel communications permitted.

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OPA Strikes Blow For Civil Rights

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WILBERFORCE, Ohio, March 20.—A student minister at Wilberforce University learned last week that one government wartime agency, primarily designed to help the Negro get his civil rights, would do so.

The Rev. Albert Mitchell stopped in a lunchroom, owned by a Mrs. Beal, for a bowl of soup. She told him it would cost \$1, though it was plainly marked 15 cents. He ate the soup and proffered Mrs. Beal a dime and a nickel. She refused the money and called a policeman. Mitchell paid the dollar but reported the matter to the OPA, which ordered the woman to refund 85 cents.

Los Angeles Now Over 50 Pct. Mark

Los Angeles and Oakland have achieved 50 per cent of their respective goals of 900 and 300 new members in the current recruiting campaign of the Communist Party, the National Committee announced yesterday.

Greeting the achievements of Los Angeles and Oakland, the National Committee, however, asks, "What about San Francisco?" The San Francisco Party organization was expected to be the pace-setter for recruiting in California. Its splendid success amongst the Bay City workers was evident in the 40,000 vote recently given the local Party Secretary Oleta O'Connor Yates.

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Full line of leather or sheep-lined coats, windbreakers, blitting coats. Get our prices low. GR. 4-6712. SUDSON, 128 Third Ave.

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Dr. J. S. EFREMOFF, Surgeon Dentist 147 FORTY FOUR, cor. 14th St. Formerly at 80 Fifth Ave. Phone: AL. 4-3910

Dr. A. BROWN, Surgeon Dentist, 238 Second Ave., cor. 14th St. GR. 1-3544.

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I'M ACTUALLY RID OF ALL UGLY HAIR FOREVER!

Here, electric current cauterized hair, permanently from your face, arms, legs or body—at VERY LOW COST! A physician in attendance, strict privacy. Also featuring BELLEVUE'S NEW METHOD—no pain, no time and money! Men also treated. Free consultation. BELLEVUE ELECTROLYSIS 119 W. 4th St. Tel. BR. 5-0112 Hours 11:30-9. Next to Saks 34th St.

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CARL BRODSKY - Every kind of Insurance Room 204, 779 Broadway, GR. 1-3252.

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U. S. FREEMAN HAND LAUNDRY, 9 Christopher St., W. A. 2-2723. Efficient, reasonable, reliable.

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PLAN YOUR MEETINGS and parties at exclusive club rooms of Lodge 104, IWO. 77 Fifth Ave. GR. 1-2377.

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KLEINMAN SHIRT, Men's and Young Men's Clothing, 84 Houston St., near Orchard, N.Y.C. Unusually situation.

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Union Lookout

George B. Wright, one of the "30" CIO officials listed in flaming headlines by the New York Post as opposing the Hillman plan for unity in the American Labor Party, no longer holds any office with any local union with New York members. He has resigned all posts in Local 16, Industrial Union of Marine and Shipbuilding where he was formerly secretary-treasurer and grievance committee member. He continues a general executive board member in IUMSWA.

There isn't any connection, but Marine and Ship locals in the New York port are actively supporting the Hillman plan. Local 13 contributed \$500 to its support and Local 39 gave \$200 to finance the campaign. A meeting of five locals in the port was held last night at the Hotel New Yorker to mobilize further backing for the Committee for a United Labor Party (CULP) in the March primaries. John Green, national president, and Philip Van Gelder, secretary, were to be speakers. Green is slated to speak, too, at the big rally the CULP will hold Thursday night at Manhattan Center.

The rally will mark the introduction of the new political action theme song "Let's Go Out and Ring Doorbells." It immortalizes canvassing, the one after-work occupation of every political action-minded member of the CIO. CULP has collected \$25,000 so far toward financing its state-wide campaign, every cent of it from unions. Big contributions came from the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, the Transport Workers Union and the United Office and Professional Workers, among others.

The UOPWA issued a special edition of its national organ on the New York state ALP primaries. Its four pages include an interview with a member of Local 18, Susan Campelli, who says that she found canvassing fun, a column by Lewis Merrill, international president, discussing the issues and many articles giving all the facts about the primary fight. The UOPWA also assigned a full-time worker to direct its participation in the campaign.

The YMCA has finally agreed to make its educational 16 mm films available to the Furriers Joint Council for use in its educational program. The Council is the first union to get recognition. Formerly only schools, companies and formal institutions were able to get the movies, which deal with historical and cultural subjects, some of them made by the big studios. "Land of Liberty," "Haym Solomon" and "Abe Lincoln in Illinois" are among the films that are to be had.

Julius Schatz, furriers' educational director, pressed the "Y" over a prolonged period to get an okay. This week he got a letter from A. L. Fredrick, associate director of the YMCA Motion Picture Bureau, at 347 Madison Ave., saying that approval had been given. Perhaps other unions that conduct regular educational activities will also be able to make use of them now.

**SALUTE TO
FATS WALLER**

Count Basie and his Orch.
Teddy Wilson and his Orch.

CARNEGIE HALL

SUNDAY EVENING
APRIL 2nd, 8:30 P.M.

Tickets \$1.10, \$1.35, \$1.50, \$2.25, \$2.50. Box (seating 8) at \$27.50 and \$25.00. No sale on at Carnegie Hall Box Office and American Youth for Democracy, 12 Astor Pl., Tel. GR. 7-1000. MAIL ORDERS FILLED

Arranged by American Youth for Democracy

AFL Hotel Leader Assails Huthcheson

AFL Local Backs World Congress

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, March 20.—AFL food workers here have called upon the American Federation of Labor to reverse its position and participate in the world labor conference in London June 5.

Members of Local 209, Hotel and Restaurant Employees, feel that the London meeting can be a tremendous step forward in unifying world labor, promoting better understanding between workers of all countries, and guaranteeing a lasting peace. William S. Johnson, business agent, said.

The local is asking Edward Fiore, hotel union international president, to appoint an observer to attend the London meeting if the AFL persists in its refusal. Mr. Fiore is a member of the Federation's executive council, which is responsible for the decision.

Local 209 has also adopted resolutions supporting the demands of the CIO United Steel Workers for upward revision of the Little Steel Formula. Unity of all labor, CIO, AFL and Railroad Brotherhoods, would mean victory in the fight for stabilization, unionists held.

Brighton Price Rally March 30

The Brighton-Manhattan Beach Consumers Council is holding a "home front rally" March 30, Thursday evening at P. S. 225, Ocean Ave. and Brighton 13th St.

Speakers include chief attorney of the Office of Price Administration regional food unit, Paul L. Ross; Councilman Peter V. Cacchione; and a spokesman from the Brooklyn Non-Partisan Legislative Conference.

GI Coiffure a la Anzio



Sporting the latest in GI haircuts, these Yanks on the Anzio front build a doghouse for their pup. Left to right: Pvt. Bernard T. Madden, Dorchester, Mass.; Herbert Vaccaro, Phillipsburg, N. C.; Cpl. Fred Cogan, Brooklyn; Pvt. Steve Andryczak, Milwaukee.

FDR Hails Proposal On Allied Lawyers

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, March 20.—President Roosevelt today hailed the National Lawyers Guild for taking steps to develop cooperation between lawyers' organization of the United Nations.

In a letter to Robert W. Kenny, president of the Lawyers Guild, the President said that he was "glad to learn" of plans "for helping to initiate forms of permanent collaboration between associations of lawyers of the various members of the United Nations in working for international cooperation."

"Bar associations in all countries can do a great deal to further the cause of cooperation and peace in the world," the President said. "Much can be accomplished by exchange of information and knowledge of the different systems of law prevailing in the several United Nations."

In addition to considering cooperation of lawyers throughout the United Nations, the Lawyers Guild discussed at an executive board meeting which adjourned here today the problems of reconversion to a peace economy.

BACKS BARUCH REPORT

The board expressed support for the Baruch report, but urged adequate representation of labor and agriculture in making policy decisions. After hearing reports by Senators Harley Kilgore of West Virginia and James Murray of Montana, the board set up a committee to study the whole reconversion problem.

The Lawyers Guild Board endorsed the Murray-Wagner-Dingell Social Security bill as "an integral part of conversion from war to peace time" economy and urged the appointment by the President of a labor-industry-agriculture committee on taxation and fiscal policy.

His statement likens President Roosevelt to Abraham Lincoln and asserts that Huthcheson's appeal for Roosevelt's defeat "will miss fire among the mass of America's organized workers."

The article also makes reference to Huthcheson's "traditional sympathy" for the GOP, and his membership in the America First Committee, adding:

"A people that has paid so heavy a price for our past isolationism will find it hard to understand why he (Huthcheson) should grind the axe for the Patterson-McCormack press by advocating abstention from post-war cooperation with other nations."

RWR Inter-faith Body Established

Establishment of a Russian War Relief Inter-Faith Committee with the Rev. Dr. Ralph E. Sookman of New York as chairman was announced yesterday by Edward C. Carter, president of the American Relief Agency.

The Rt. Rev. Charles E. Gilbert, Suffragan Bishop of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York, and Dr. Israel Goldstein of New York, president of the Zionist Organization of America, will serve as vice chairmen of the committee, members of which include 56 of the nation's eminent representatives of 17 different religious denominations.

Gil Green Talks At Meeting Tonight

Gilbert Green, executive secretary of the New York State Committee of the Communist Party, will address a public meeting of the Four Freedoms Communist Club tonight at Paramount Mansions, 601 W. 132nd St., on the present Congress and the 1944 elections.

The Four Freedoms Club is one of the leading Communist organizations in upper Manhattan.

Tells of Advances By Labor Under Pres. Roosevelt

Attempts of William L. Huthcheson, Republican-minded president of the AFL Carpenters Union, to lead labor into the anti-Roosevelt camp, today stood condemned by Hugo Ernst, general secretary-treasurer of the AFL Hotel and Restaurant Employees International.

Huthcheson's anti-FDR diatribe, issued in an article in his union's international organ this month.

The Huthcheson statement, given wide publicity in the commercial press, was repudiated earlier by Daniel J. Tobin, president of the Teamsters Union, largest AFL affiliate. Tobin, a member of the executive council, where Huthcheson seeks to crack the Republican whip, came out for a fourth term for President Roosevelt.

Ernst's article, which takes direct issue with Huthcheson, declaring his stand not representative of labor, is of special interest because Edward Fiore, president of the Hotel and Restaurant Employees, like Tobin, is a member of the Federation Executive Council.

RAPE HUTHCHESON

"Huthcheson alleges that the Roosevelt administration has failed labor," Ernst writes. "But in the same breath he states that 'The last 12 years have seen the American labor movement coming of age.'"

"Does he regard it as a mere accident that the labor movement's coming of age coincides with the period of the three consecutive terms of Roosevelt's administration?"

"Would he have us believe that labor had even the chance of a snow ball in hell to grow and expand and to 'come of age' during the several preceding Republican administrations when labor's every effort for redress of its many grievances was blocked by injunctions?"

Ernst raps Huthcheson over the knuckles for his blind declaration that collective bargaining is now accepted national policy.

"Will he please tell us how collective bargaining got to be accepted as national policy," the hotel union official comments.

WAGNER ACT

"Is it possible that the New Deal-inspired Wagner Act had something to do with it? Then there is the danger that this policy may be reversed by an administration less friendly to labor than that of Roosevelt."

Ernst scoffs at Huthcheson's fears that workers may be deceived into thinking the Roosevelt government gave them legislation which they really won for themselves.

Company unions grew and flourished under earlier administrations but this trend was reversed when labor made use of the New Deal as its instrument, Ernst says.

"Will Huthcheson kindly enlighten us why the people failed to place the same laws upon the statute books during the several preceding corporation-controlled anti-labor Republican administrations?" he asks.

His statement likens President Roosevelt to Abraham Lincoln and asserts that Huthcheson's appeal for Roosevelt's defeat "will miss fire among the mass of America's organized workers."

The article also makes reference to Huthcheson's "traditional sympathy" for the GOP, and his membership in the America First Committee, adding:

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For a Better Day U.S. WAR BONDS

WHAT'S ON

RATES: What's On section for the Daily Worker on the 15th and 16th days of each month. DEADLINE: Daily at 12 Noon. For Sunday, Wednesday at 4 P.M.

Chance to Kill Poll Tax

AN EDITORIAL

MARCANTONIO'S anti-poll tax bill is coming up soon for a vote in the Senate. Its passage would lift 10,000,000 black and white men and women to the full stature of American citizens. The country needs these voters.

Pat McCarran, chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, warns that Senate beneficiaries of the poll tax system will try to filibuster the bill to death. Their friends in the lower House attempted a similar crime. They tried, first of all, to kill it in committee. A discharge petition, signed by the necessary 218 Representatives, saved it. Its enemies tried to kill it on the House floor, but failed again.

Once on the Senate floor, the bill will be murderously assaulted by Bilbo and every other poll tax demagogue. They will try to smother it under waves of poisonous hot air. Their unprincipled filibuster can be stopped, however, with the aid of the common people—as it was stopped last year in the House by some of these people's organizations. But the people must act at once. Let them demand that their Senators oppose filibuster by calling for limitation on debate.

Let the voting people do this, and they will be helping 10,000,000 more of their fellow citizens toward the right to vote.

Shoe Manufacturers OK CIO Health Pact

There will be no more headaches about doctor bills for more than 3,000 New York CIO shoe workers. Their union has just won an agreement for them with the Shoe Manufacturers' Board of Trade under which they get health insurance and the employers pay the bill.

Under a plan which became effective March 15, workers get \$1,000 in life insurance, hospitalization benefits and surgical reimbursement benefits.

The arrangements were negotiated by Joint Council 13 of the United Shoe Workers of America with the assistance of Martin E. Segal, Union Group Insurance representative and the Group Insurance Advisory Service of the City CIO.

The union is now negotiating with slipper manufacturers for similar insurance to cover an additional 1,500 workers.

Health protection is as much

union business nowadays as wages and hours. Isidore Rosenberg, manager, and Rocco Franceschini, secretary-treasurer, of the Council, commented in announcing the plan. "A modern union concerns itself with the health of its members as well as economic questions," they said. "We feel that the group insurance plan negotiated will do much to maintain health standards and provide our members with a greater feeling of security—thus enabling them to make a still greater personal contribution to the war effort."

Mrs. Browder Pleas Pour in to President

Free Mrs. Earl Browder of deportation charges, more educators, religious, labor and civic leaders said this week when they urged President Roosevelt to prevent the breakup of an American family.

Mrs. Browder, wife of an American citizen and mother of three minor children, also citizens, is under order of deportation because of a technical defect in her entry to this country in 1933. Hers is the only known case out of many thousands in which Attorney General Biddle has refused to employ the discretion given him by Congress to keep a family together. The President can overrule Mr. Biddle's determination to deport her.

Assemblyman Hulan E. Jack of New York, chairman of the International Labor Defense Committee on the case, reported that pleas to the President are coming in constantly.

Among the latest group of educators to communicate with the President on the case, he said, are: Prof. George Barton, Harvard; Prof. Calvin S. Hall, Southern Reserve; Prof. Harold Faulkner, Smith; Prof. Leroy Waterman, Ann Arbor; Prof. Dorothy Brewster, Columbia; Prof. Wilbert S. Ray, Adelphi College; Prof. Emeritus W. H. Manwaring, Stanford; Prof. T. H. Bissonnette, Trinity College, Hartford, Conn.; Prof. C. M. Cramlet, University of Washington; Prof. Norman Levinson, Harvard; Prof. Raymond T. Bye, University of Pennsylvania; Prof. Ralph W. Nelson, Oklahoma.

Religious leaders included: Rev. G. W. Alexander, Silver City, N. M.; Rev. Albert E. Prick, Manhattan, Kans.; Rev. Arthur M. Crawford, Erie, Pa.; Rev. William A. Tyler, Claremont, Calif.

Additional unions which have taken action include: Cooks Union 80, N. Y.; Miscellaneous Employees Union 110, San Francisco; State, County and Municipal Workers, Detroit; Seattle Industrial Labor Union Council; District 4, United Electrical Workers; office staff of District 1, United Packinghouse Workers, Chicago; executive board of Local 2, Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Employees, N. Y.; Carpenters Union 852, Kewanee, Ill.; United Office and Professional Local 3, Boston; SCMWA Local 444, New York; Optical Workers Local 208, New York; executive board Local 1-5 Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Workers, New York; United Shoe Workers Local 63; Furriers Joint Council, New York; United Electrical Workers Local 1114, Chicago; American Platinum Workers, Local 528, Newark, N. J.

Others who acted this week were the following attorneys: O. E. Enfield, county attorney, Arnet, Okla.

Woltman Story A Lie-Quill

Councilman Michael J. Quill, president of the Transport Workers Union, denounced as a "lie" a story repeated for a second time in the World-Telegram yesterday, alleging he participated in a secret meeting with Earl Browder on a so-called plot to seize control of the American Labor Party.

Quill assailed the red-baiting yarn as the work of a "disruptive, anti-labor, anti-war and anti-American clique."

He challenged Frederick Woltman, author of the piece, to produce "one shred of evidence showing that I attended such a meeting."

"I am very busy," Quill declared when asked by reporters to comment on the Woltman story. "I don't intend to issue the same statement time and time again. My statement of last week still stands."

"I have read in the daily papers that along with other labor representatives I attended a meeting with Mr. Earl Browder on how best to seize control of the American Labor Party. I wish to state that that is a lie. I have never attended any such meeting and this to my mind is the work of a disruptive, anti-labor, anti-war and anti-American clique. It compares with the same gutter lingo we heard last week in reference to Stalin's striking Timesheko over the head with a bottle. It is a waste of precious paper."

"I challenge Woltman and his motley crew to produce one shred of evidence showing that I attended such a meeting. It would be to the interests of Woltman and his clique if they devoted their time to the support of the Red Cross drive."

Is Good Health a luxury?

MODERN SCIENCE has done wonders in the field of Health. All the skill of the laboratory is placed at the disposal of mankind. It's grand... but... it's expensive!

To beat the Axis it's vitally necessary that all Americans be healthy! The high standards of selective service—the drastic demands of war work on the home front—can only be met by healthy people.

DO YOU KNOW THAT the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill (S. 1161) aims to take public health out of the luxury class?

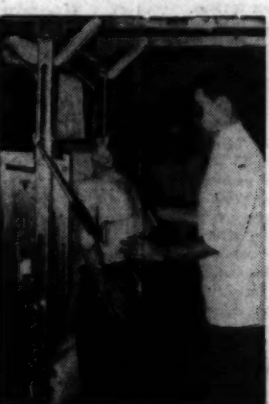
It does this by providing:

- Care of doctor or specialist; X-rays, eyeglasses, appliances and other laboratory services; 30-90 days hospitalization, to all workers and their families whenever needed.
- Temporary and permanent disability payments.
- Maternity benefits—six weeks before and six weeks after birth of child.

TO SAFEGUARD HEALTH—WRITE NOW and request a public hearing for the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill (S. 1161). Address your letters to:

- Chairman, Ways & Means Committee, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.
- and
- Chairman, Finance Committee, U. S. Senate, Washington, D. C.

For more information about the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill and what it means to you, write



Speaking of Health...

Have you had your chest X-rayed this year? If not, how about coming to the IWO Fifth Annual Chest X-ray Survey? Photo and report by laboratory expert, all for the low fee of \$1 per person. Bring the whole family!

MARCH 23-25
at IWO Brownsville Community Center, 128 Watkins St., Brooklyn

MARCH 29-APRIL 1
IWO Bronx County Office, 1272 Hoe Ave., Bronx

APRIL 5-15
IWO City Office, 80 Fifth Ave., Manhattan

Registrations at the above addresses, or any IWO office in the city.

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER, Inc.

80 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 11, N. Y.

The Whip of Anti-Semitism



NEWS ITEM: The anti-Semitism of the Polish Government-in-Exile, which is supported by David Dubinsky, is exposed in the New York Times of March 19. See page 2.

The Real ALP Issues

THE 1944 session of the New York State Legislature will go down in the records as one in which Gov. Dewey cast down the needs of a people at war as a sacrifice to the god of Presidential ambition.

Dewey certainly burst one pet Republican bubble—that of FDR's supposed efforts to "nullify" Congress. There are few, if any, examples in our history where a chief executive crammed his program down the throats of a legislature as Dewey did in this one.

Basing himself in his quest for the Presidency upon the most reactionary sections of American finance capital, Dewey's whole approach and outlook is inevitably reactionary.

His fiscal policies during the session were based on what he considers the "inevitable rainy day" after the war, not on the needs of the war. There is not much more that he said specifically for the record in connection with the great question of war and post-war economy and the interrelated problem of world collaboration, but this is enough to indicate his way of thinking. Compare this "inevitable rainy day" which guided his policies with President Roosevelt's insistence that an abundant post-war economy is not only possible but absolutely necessary for the preservation of American democracy.

Running through the entire legislative session was the thread of Dewey's contempt for democracy. It was revealed in his slippery attacks on the federal soldier ballot in which he cynically played state constitution against federal constitution in order to deprive the soldiers of their vote.

It was revealed in his successful blocking of the unprecedented popular demand for legislation against discrimination that would have some real teeth. During the entire session he managed to prevent numerous excellent measures from getting to the floor of the legislature. In the final days, when the pressure for the bills introduced by his own committee became too great, he used the ancient and dishonorable device of proposing the setting up of another "study" committee as a means of evasion.

With a huge surplus budget, he granted the returning veterans virtually nothing, though promising them much. In matters of health, housing, child care, education, he gave only where he had to and as little as he could, irrespective of the state's needs.

Yes, on the record, he stands revealed as a reactionary demagogue, dangerous in his arrogance, to whom the people are pawns in the game of Hooverite power politics.

Dewey's Legislature

WHAT are the real issues in the American Labor Party primary of March 28?

The New York Post, which has been campaigning vigorously for the Dubinsky-Rose slate, said yesterday the big issue is "Communists versus liberals."

This is a fraud, if there ever was one. In order to reach such a conclusion, the Post will have to eat all the facts and repudiate all the various vital matters which it has raised in its editorials and special articles. In order to give substance to its words, it would have to make the world believe that Sidney Hillman is a Communist and David Dubinsky a liberal! Imagine that!

The backbone of the support for the Hillman slate is the state organization of the CIO with its one million members. The Post would have to strain the imagination of people pretty badly to get them to believe that these are all Communists. But if the Post is to be credited, President Philip Murray of the CIO, President R. J. Thomas of the United Auto Workers, President Emil Rieve of the Textile Workers—all those national and international union officers who have endorsed the Hillman slate—are (hist!) Communists.

Then there are the AFL unions. It is unfortunately true that due to the poor work of the Dubinsky leadership the bulk of the AFL organizations are not drawn into the ALP as yet. But many progressive AFL affiliates—the Painters, Bakers, Jewelry Workers, the food unions—stand with the Committee for a United Labor Party.

When we examine the real issues in the ALP fight, it is no wonder that the Post seeks to duck them behind the old "Communist" cry. In bringing out these real issues, the editors would be embarrassed and exposed by their own editorials and declarations.

There is the Roosevelt fourth term, for instance. Yesterday morning the Dubinsky-Rose candidates gave the impression that they were all-out for the fourth term. But only a few days ago, the Post pontifically denounced the Committee for a United Labor Party for fighting for the fourth term.

The Post does not castigate the Dubinsky-Rose people for pledging fourth-term support because the paper, knowing them, apparently does not take their words seriously.

There is also the Dewey case and the fight against all those who apologize for anti-Semitism. The Post has been crusading on these issues. But today, if that paper's editors will turn to page 3 of the Daily Worker, they will find how the Jewish Daily Forward is appreciated and used by the anti-Semitic camp. And the Forward is as much the backbone of the Rose-Dubinsky outfit as the state CIO is of the Hillman side.

There is, as another instance, the case of Tito and Yugoslavia. The Post yesterday opened a series of articles by the prominent writer Howard Fast on "The Incredible Tito." But the Forward and the New Leader are still engaging in the bitterest barrage against Tito and strongly backing Mikhailovitch.

On Poland, the Post has had editorials and columns which have given a good account of the pro-fascist character of the government-in-exile. But the Forward, Dubinsky and the whole state leadership of the ALP are carrying on the bitterest of anti-Soviet campaigns over Poland. They do this, despite the mounting evidence of the pro-fascist anti-Semitic activities of that regime—as the New York Times Sunday and this paper today show.

The big issue clearly is support for the President's foreign and domestic policies. With that goes the battle against the pro-fascists here and abroad not only in words but in deeds.

Backing of the President and his policies demands the defeat of this Dubinsky-Rose clique.

Election of the slate sponsored by the Committee for a United Labor Party would be a mandate for the unity of the whole ALP back of those policies for which the President stands.



THEY'RE SAYING IN WASHINGTON

The Case of Dr. Taylor

By Adam Lapin

Daily Worker Washington Bureau

THIS is only a small incident, but it points out the distrust and suspicion with which the labor movement regards Dr. George W. Taylor, vice chairman of the War Labor Board. It happened early in February when WLB was considering the procedure to be followed in hearing the steel case.

CIO President Philip Murray was about to enter the Labor Department auditorium where the WLB hearing was being held when he was stopped by John A. Stephens, vice president of United States Steel and spokesman for the industry in refuting the union's case. Stephens said that the steel company boys had decided at a little meeting that morning that they would prefer to have the steel panel meet in Pittsburgh. The effect of this would, of course, have been to blanket the hearings in obscurity and deprive the union of a national-wide forum for its case.

Murray said he'd think it over. Stephens pressed Murray, asking what he would do if the question came up at the WLB hearing. Murray said he'd tell the board he wanted to think it over.

WELL, just as chairman William H. Davis was about to adjourn the hearing, Taylor whispered in his ear. "Dr. Taylor mentions the place of the hearing," Davis said, "and I would assume that everybody would prefer to have the panel sit in Pittsburgh rather than here in Washington."

Murray didn't agree with that at all. "I was confronted with an industry blitzkrieg when I arrived in the building this morning," he said. Davis said that the question arose at a board meeting because of the difficulty in getting hotel space in Washington. But Murray replied that Taylor was "helping you a little." He definitely hinted that Taylor was playing the game of the steel companies.

There was solid substance behind Murray's fear that this former University of Pennsylvania professor could not be trusted by labor. It was Taylor who last December insisted that WLB, in

granting the steel workers' retroactive pay demand, should also include a clause virtually assuring a price increase to the profiteering steel companies.

And it was Taylor who engineered the appointment as chairman of the WLB steel panel of C. Canby Balderston who was a colleague of Taylor at the University of Pennsylvania. Balderston is Dean of the Wharton School of Finance and Commerce. But he is also a director of the anti-union Leeds and Northrup Company in Philadelphia which has long maintained a company union. Stiff protests from the steel union finally succeeded in removing Balderston.

NOR is it only in connection with the steel case that Taylor has shown a definite anti-labor bias. Taylor has been the leading advocate on WLB of a rigid wage policy. He has been the real source of much of the difficulty which labor has encountered at WLB.

Taylor was responsible for a rate-cutting decision in the Republic Aircraft case in Detroit which had the effect of undermining the confidence of union leaders in incentive pay plans.

And it was Taylor who wrote the majority decision in the case of the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Co. which Dean Wayne Morse described in a strongly worded minority opinion as "union busting." Taylor was instrumental in having a WLB order granting members of the American Communications Association a \$5 a week wage increase reversed, and supplanted with a \$3 wage cut.

Taylor denied the ACA bargaining rights and upheld a company-wide agreement between P. T. & T. and a company-dominated union. Morse said in one of his final opinions on WLB that Taylor's decision was "most alarming and most ominous in so far as the present trend of the War Labor Board's wage stabilization is concerned."

As long as Morse was on WLB, there was always an effective counterfoil to Taylor. It was not that Morse was invariably pro-labor.

But Morse did put the interests of the war effort first. He did see the connection between wages and production. He did see the need for a more flexible wage policy.

MORSE's resignation to run for the Senate in Oregon left a big hole on WLB. Chairman Davis is essentially an amiable politician who does not follow a consistent and principled position. Public member Frank Graham, president of the University of North Carolina, frequently sided with Morse. But he lacks theadroitness and experience to challenge Taylor. The result is that Taylor's influence on WLB has grown tremendously.

But the real question is why the CIO and the AFL never did anything about Taylor. There isn't any doubt that a joint protest against Taylor would have resulted in his removal from WLB within a week. No public member of WLB could survive a public statement by the entire labor movement questioning his fitness and impartiality.

The failure of the CIO and AFL to act together to cure one of the major sore spots in WLB cannot be considered in isolation. Both the CIO and AFL are fully agreed on the need for revising the Little Steel formula. They are also agreed that the cost of living has risen at least 20 per cent above the Bureau of Labor Statistics index.

And yet they are not acting together on the crucial wage issue. They are not acting together because the AFL executive council is jealous of any development which might possibly give the CIO added prestige. And so AFL representatives on WLB have fought against even permitting the WLB panel to hear the steel union's wage demands—on the ground that WLB has turned down the AFL petition for revising the Little Steel formula.

This situation is symptomatic of the bigger failure of the labor movement to pull its full weight in Washington. It explains why Dr. Taylor, who is now on an extended vacation after thorough gumming up the steel case, is the real behind-the-scenes power on WLB.

Letters From Our Readers

The D. W. on

Air Power

New York City.

Editor, Daily Worker:

An editorial of the New York Sun on March 16, 1944 belatedly arrives at a proposition you have maintained, for a longer period of time than any newspaper I know, namely, that the Allies cannot achieve victory through air power alone.

The editorial quotes Lieut. General Baker with respect to the bombing of the town of Cassino as saying: "Never before in warfare have air forces concentrated so much destruction on a target of comparable size in a single mission." And the editorial points out "Terrorific as was the Cassino bombing, however, it did not break the German resistance." It concludes with the observation: "Few will dispute that the air attacks are important, but at Cassino it is demonstrated again that the war cannot be won by air alone."

When I consider how long you have supported this thesis, and how correct you were on the spurious Mikhailovitch, and how much more often and more consistently correct you are on other public issues than the "non-partisan press," I marvel at your magnificent newspaper.

THOMAS LORD.

The opinions expressed in these letters are those of the readers and not of the paper. We welcome letters from our readers and their friends on subjects of current interest. To facilitate the printing of as many letters as possible, and to allow for the freest discussion, please limit letters to 300 words.

Discrimination Against Middle-Aged

New York City.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Organized labor has done little to take up the fight, among other things for which it does fight to benefit the people and increased production efficiency in the war for victory, of age discrimination in this country—against both men and women.

This age discrimination is rampant in all industry, commerce and even in Government, especially where younger men control posts which hand out employment.

It is true that it has in the past year or so been slightly relaxed in civil service in the least paid, substance, jobs, but even there it is

secretly maintained in the better paid positions "supposed to be" on the basis of merit and experience.

Men and women over 38 are prevented by age limitations from volunteering in the armed service, and yet are penalized because they cannot enter such services as all the post war plans for reemployment are based on preference for those who have been able to give armed service.

F. D. HAINES.

An Revolt To Jim

Durham, N. H.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Many readers must have felt as we did on seeing James S. Allen's column "Until We Meet Again," wanting to reach out and say a personal "Au revoir and thank you." Everybody has favorites, and for a long time our family has turned to Allen's column as the first thing to read on the days it appeared. The vision expressed in his words today is a fitting climax to his valuable series of discussions on world affairs.

M. M.

BETWEEN the LINES

A Coalition Primer

By JOSEPH STAROBIN

The word "unilateral" has replaced the word "enigma" in this winter's discussion of Soviet foreign policy. Newspapers like the N. Y. Times use this term "unilateral" not only to create suspicion of the USSR, but to question the leadership of the President and Mr. Churchill. In relation to eastern Europe, especially, our war leaders are pictured either as conspirators with Stalin, or helpless in the teeth of Soviet single-handed diplomacy. The Times weeps for the fate of the Moscow and Tehran accords.

I think a basic distinction must be made between truly unilateral policies by any member of the Anglo-Soviet-American coalition, and the initiative or leadership which any one member may exercise in the solution of particular problems. If we realize that one power may take the initiative on some matters, and yet be acting with the full knowledge, or agreement, or in the basic interest of all other powers, we can clear away some dangerous confusions.

Secondly, the notion that all powers are not informed about what all others are doing is very amateurish. One of the functions of ministers, ambassadors, and attaches is to know what's happening. Even when friendly or allied powers pursue different policies, there is always such a thing as an ambassador calling upon a responsible official and getting information. Last Friday, our Secretary of State admitted that he knew in advance that the Soviet Union intended to recognize the Italian government. That does not mean Mr. Hull was, or wanted to be, consulted, or that he agreed. But he was informed.

Let's take some concrete cases, which the Times finds so alarming. The Soviet Union, for obvious geographic and military reasons, is taking the initiative to get Finland out of the war. But her policy is not unilateral because, as we know, the British government endorses the Soviet initiative in terms, and Washington is sufficiently agreed to urge that Finland must negotiate with Moscow. The Russians are "carrying the ball," but who will deny that getting Finland out of the war is in the common interests of the entire coalition? What the Times really wants is a relation of such a character between our own country and the Soviet Union that Washington will dictate the terms of the armistice and the Soviet Union will be forced to accept them on its own. That would not be a coalition diplomacy at all. Happily such a relation between the United States and the Soviet Union is a thing of the past.

We must remind the "Times" that if Soviet initiative is to be confused with "unilateral" action, then the Red Army's single-handed defeat of Germany, and its remarkable eight-month offensive is the greatest piece of unilateral action the coalition has seen. But would the "Times" deny that the Red Army is acting in the interests of the coalition, even when, before Tehran, its offensive was absolutely uncoordinated with Allied plans?

In April, 1943, the USSR broke off relations with the Polish government-in-exile for well known reasons. This was a unilateral action and it took place eight months before Moscow and Tehran accords. But we know now from Churchill's Feb. 22 speech that the whole matter was threshed out among the "big three" last December. Britain knew of, and approved, the Soviet proposal of the Curzon line, as well as projected territorial changes in favor of Poland at the expense of Germany. In fact, it would appear that Churchill has now taken upon himself the task of disposing of the government-in-exile. Churchill admitted that he would have preferred to wait on Poland until after the war, but the Red Army's initiative forced his hand. Yet even this does not diminish the net effect, which is collaboration.

I am convinced that such matters as the Soviet recognition of an Italian government will be best understood if we take a more mature view of coalition diplomacy. The tremendous significance of Tehran lies in the fact that the most basic question—would the two worlds cooperate?—was answered affirmatively. But it would be foolish to assume that every detail of history, for the next 25 years was worked out like a blue-print. And it would be vulgarizing to deny that the motive force of the coalition is the Soviet Union, a power of exemplary unity, of immense political and military will.

The USSR helps make things go inside the coalition. It often gives the lead. Countries like our own and Britain with powerful reactionary forces at work are often held back from taking the same lead. There are bound to be differences within the coalition before many issues are settled. But this does not deny the reality of the Churchill-Roosevelt-Stalin understanding. Nor does it deny the reality of the basic meaning of Tehran—where the world's leading powers agreed to agree and find ways of agreeing even when they disagree.

5 Years Ago Today In the Daily Worker

MARCH 20, 1939

powers to the "Daladier dictatorship." This has resulted in all working class organizations issuing calls for an emergency action and for strengthening unity moves. The Socialist and Communist Parties and the General Confederation of Labor have all issued statements condemning Daladier. MOSCOW—The Soviet Union sharply denounced Hitler's armed occupation of Czechoslovakia. The Soviet Government accused the Nazis of heightening the danger of war, of aiming a new blow to the "security of the people" and of violating the right of self-determination of the Czechoslovakian nation.

Daily Worker

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS CO., INC., 30 EAST 13TH ST., NEW YORK 3, N. Y.

President—Louis F. Budenz
Vice-President—Isaac C. Bell
Secretary—Benjamin J. Davis, Jr.
Treasurer—Alexander S. Allen

Cable Address: "DAILYWORK," New York, N. Y.
Washington Bureau, Room 254, National Press Building, 14th and F Sts., Washington, D. C. Telephone: National 7414

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TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1944